

# Reference Only

**Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil**  
**DLW5BTM□□□TQ2□ Reference Specification**

**1. Scope**

This reference specification applies to Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil.

**2. Part Numbering**

(ex.)  $\frac{DL}{(1)} \frac{W}{(2)} \frac{5B}{(3)} \frac{T}{(4)} \frac{M}{(5)} \frac{102}{(6)} \frac{T}{(7)} \frac{Q}{(8)} \frac{2}{(9)} \frac{L}{(10)}$

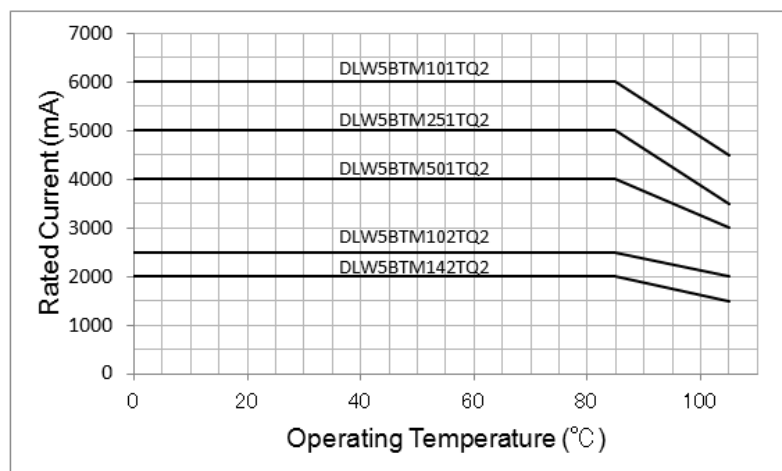
- |                                       |                                |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) Chip Common Mode Choke Coil       | (6) Impedance (Typ. at 100MHz) |
| (2) Structure (W : Winding Type)      | (7) Circuit                    |
| (3) Dimension (L × W)                 | (8) Features                   |
| (4) Type                              | (9) Number of Line             |
| (5) Category (M : Laser Marking Type) | (10) Packaging Code            |
- L : Taping (φ 180mm/reel) / K : Taping (φ 330mm/reel)  
 B : Bulk

**3. Rating**

Customer Part Number	MURATA Part Number	Impedance at 10MHz, Under Standard Testing Conditions (Ω min.)	Impedance at 100MHz, Under Standard Testing Conditions (Ω Typ.)	Rated Voltage V(DC)	Withstanding Voltage V(DC)	* Rated Current (A)	DC Resistance (Rdc) (Ω max.)	Insulation Resistance (MΩ min.)
	DLW5BTM101TQ2L	10	100	100	250	6	0.013	10
	DLW5BTM101TQ2K							
	DLW5BTM101TQ2B							
	DLW5BTM251TQ2L	20	250			5	0.020	
	DLW5BTM251TQ2K							
	DLW5BTM251TQ2B							
	DLW5BTM501TQ2L	30	500			4	0.027	
	DLW5BTM501TQ2K							
	DLW5BTM501TQ2B							
	DLW5BTM102TQ2L	60	1000			2.5	0.034	
	DLW5BTM102TQ2K							
	DLW5BTM102TQ2B							
	DLW5BTM142TQ2L	100	1400	2	0.056			
	DLW5BTM142TQ2K							
	DLW5BTM142TQ2B							

· Operating Temperature : - 40 °C to + 105 °C      · Storage Temperature : - 40 °C to + 105 °C

\*Derating



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## 4. Standard Testing Conditions

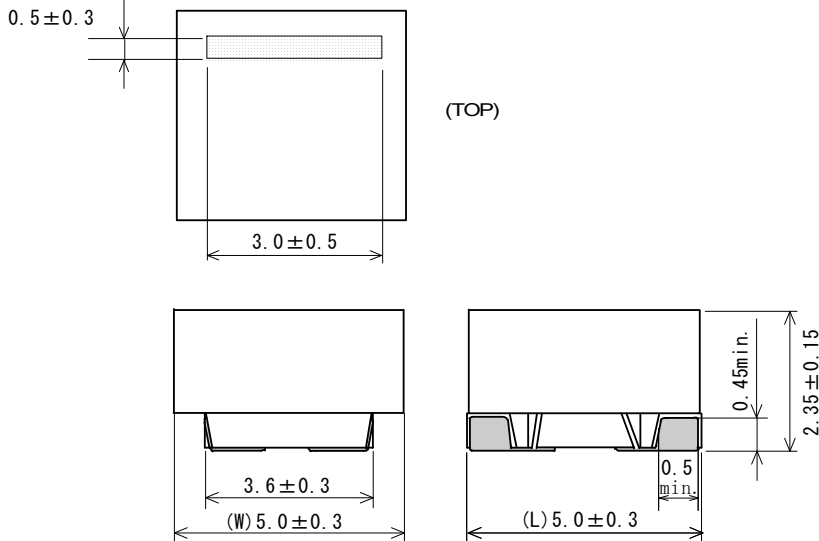
< Unless otherwise specified >

Temperature : Ordinary Temp. 15 °C to 35 °C  
 Humidity : Ordinary Humidity 25 %(RH) to 85 %(RH)

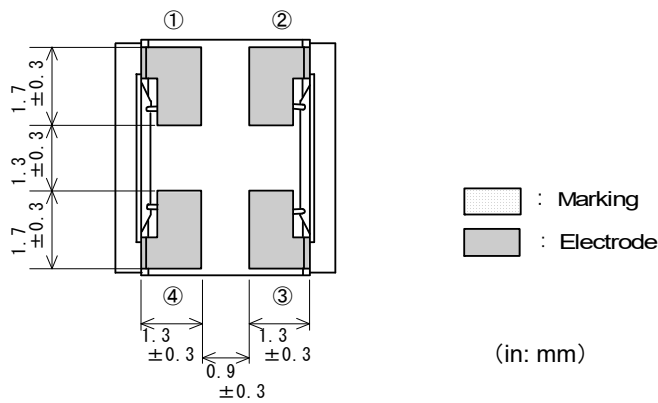
< In case of doubt >

Temperature : 20 °C ± 2 °C  
 Humidity : 60 %(RH) to 70 %(RH)  
 Atmospheric pressure : 86 kPa to 106 kPa

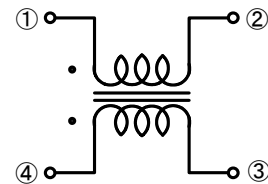
## 5. Style and Dimensions



■ Unit Mass (Typical value)  
 0.21g

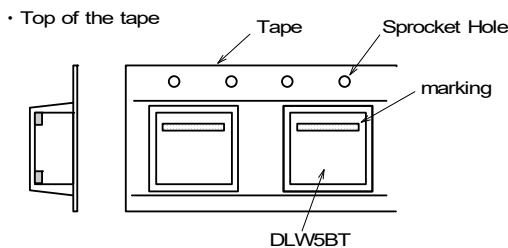


■ Equivalent Circuities



No polarity

## 6. Marking

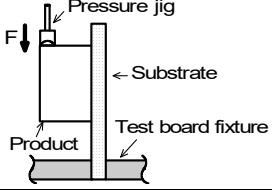
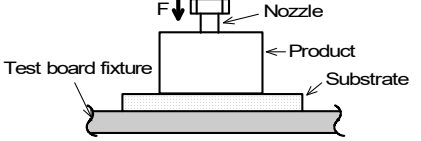
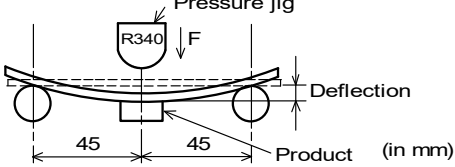
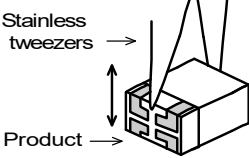


## 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method
7.1	Impedance ( Z ) (at 10MHz)	Meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment :KEYSIGHT 4191A or the equivalents. Measuring Frequency : 10MHz (ref. Item 10.)
7.2	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		Measuring Equipment : R8340A or the equivalents. Test Voltage : 100V Time : within 60 s (ref. Item 10.)
7.3	DC Resistance (Rdc)		Measuring Current : 100 mA max. (ref. Item 10.) (In case of doubt in the above mentioned standard condition,measure by 4 terminal method.)
7.4	Withstanding Voltage	Products shall not be damaged.	Voltage : 250 V(DC) Time : 60 s Charge Current : 1 mA max. (ref. Item 10.)

# Reference Only

## 8. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method								
8.1	Appearance and Dimensions	Meet item 5.	Visual Inspection and measured with Slide Calipers.								
8.2	Bonding Strength and Core Strength	No evidence of chipping, breakage. No evidence of coming off glass-epoxy substrate.	Applying Force (F) : 10N Applying Time : 5 ± 1s 								
8.3	Body strength	No evidence of chipping, breakage.	Applying Force (F) : 10N Applying Time : 5 ± 1s 								
8.4	Bending Strength	Meet Table 1. <u>Table 1</u> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Appearance</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">No damaged.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Impedance change (at 10MHz)</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">within ± 20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">I.R.</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">10MΩ min.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Withstanding Voltage</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">No damaged.</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damaged.	Impedance change (at 10MHz)	within ± 20%	I.R.	10MΩ min.	Withstanding Voltage	No damaged.	Substrate : Glass-epoxy (t=1.6mm) Deflection : 2mm Keeping Time : 30 s Speed of Applying Force : 0.5 mm/s 
Appearance	No damaged.										
Impedance change (at 10MHz)	within ± 20%										
I.R.	10MΩ min.										
Withstanding Voltage	No damaged.										
8.5	Vibration		Products shall be soldered on the substrate. Oscillation Frequency : 10 to 55 to 10Hz for 1 min. Total Amplitude : 1.5mm Testing Time : A period of 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (Total 6 hours).								
8.6	Drop		Products shall be dropped concrete or steel board. Method : free fall Height : 1m The Number of Times : 10 Times								
8.7	Solderability	The electrodes shall be at least 90% covered with new solder coating.	Flux : Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre heating : 150 ± 10°C, 1 minute. Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Solder Temperature : 245±5°C Immersion Time : 4 ± 1s Immersion and Immersion rates : 25mm/s 								
8.8	Resistance to Soldering heat	Meet Table 1.	Flux : Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre heating : 150 ± 10°C, 1 minute. Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Solder Temperature : 270 ± 5°C Immersion Time : 5 ± 1s Immersion and Immersion rates : 25mm/s Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.								

# Reference Only

**9. Enviromental Performance** (Product shall be soldered on the glass-epoxy substrate (t=1.6mm).)

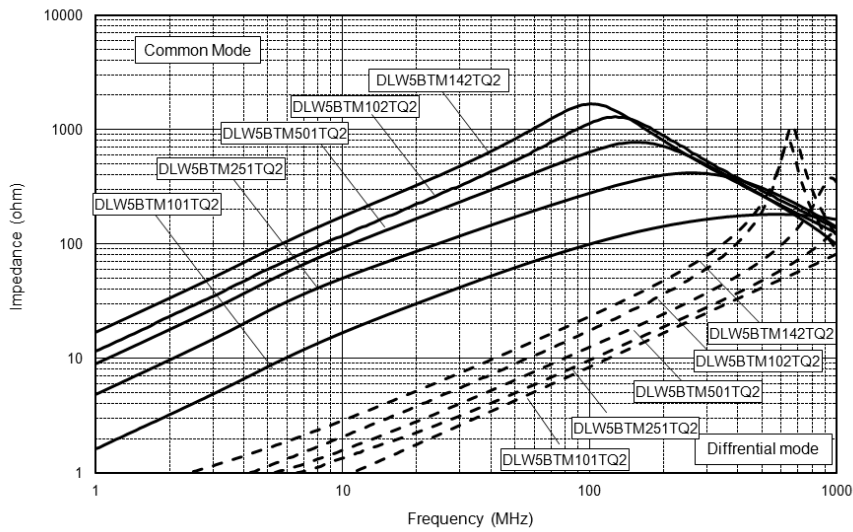
No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method
9.1	Temperature Cycle	Meet Table 1.	1 cycle 1 step : -40 °C (+0, -3)°C / 30min (+ 3,- 0) min 2 step : Ordinary temp. / 3 min max. 3 step : +105 °C (+3, -0)°C / 30min (+ 3,- 0) min 4 step : Ordinary temp. / 3 min max. Total of 100 cycles Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.
9.2	Humidity		Temperature : 40 ± 2 °C Humidity : 90 to 95 %(RH) Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.
9.3	Humidity Load		Temperature : 40 ± 2 °C Humidity : 90 to 95 %(RH) Test Voltage : Rated Voltage Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)
9.4	Heat life		Temperature : 105 ± 2 °C Test Voltage : 2times for Rated Voltage Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)
9.5	Cold Resistance		Temperature : - 40 ± 2 °C Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)

**10. Terminal to be Tested** When measuring and supplying the voltage, the following terminal is applied.

No.	Item	Terminal to be Tested
10.1	Impedance ( Z ) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.2	DC Resistance (Rdc) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.3	Insulation Resistance (I.R.) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.4	Withstanding Voltage (Measurement Terminal)	
10.5	Humidity Load (Supply Terminal)	
10.6	Heat Life (Supply Terminal)	

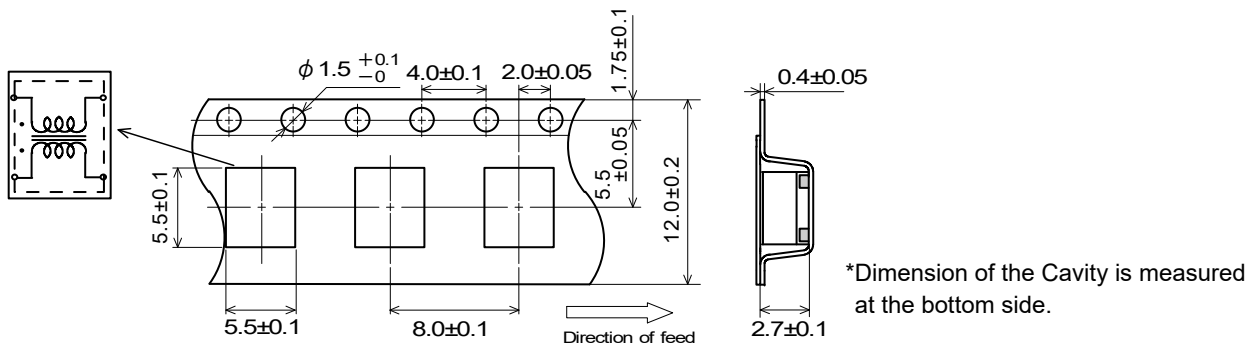
## 11. Impedance Frequency Characteristics (Typical)

DLW5BT\_TQ series



## 12. Specification of Packaging

### 12.1. Appearance and Dimensions



(in mm)

### 12.2. Specification of Taping

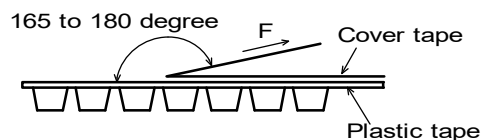
- (1) Packing quantity (Standard quantity)  $\phi$  180 mm reel : 700 pcs. / reel  $\phi$  330 mm reel : 2500 pcs. / reel
- (2) Packing Method  
Products shall be packaged in each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed with cover tape.
- (3) Sprocket Hole  
The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point  
The cover tape have no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number  
Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

### 12.3. Pull Strength of Plastic Tape

Plastic Tape	5 N min.
Cover Tape	10 N min.

### 12.4. Peeling off force of Cover Tape

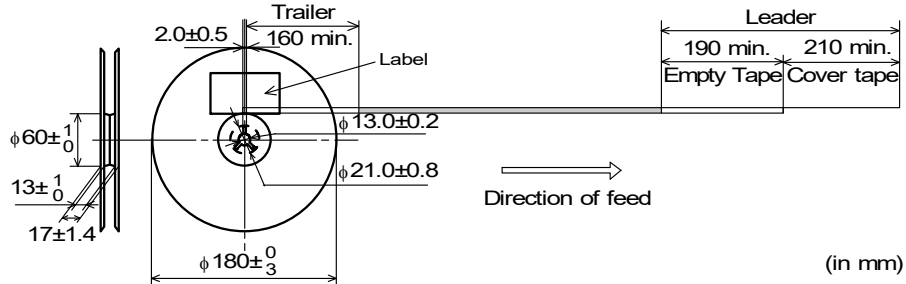
0.2N to 0.7N (minimum value is typical.)  
Speed of Peeling off : 300 mm / min



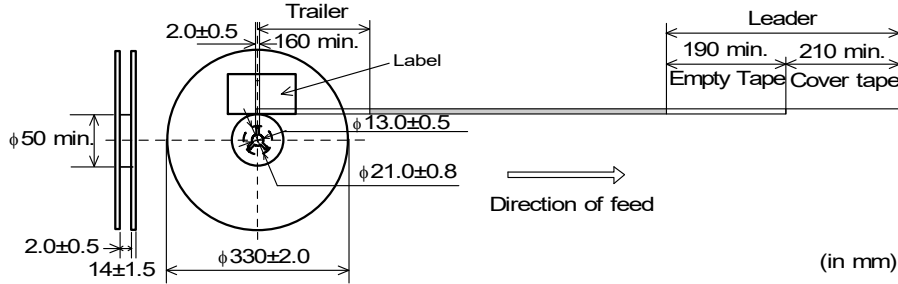
### 12.5. Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel

There shall be leader-tape (cover tape only and empty tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.

« Packaging Code : L (φ 180mm reel) »



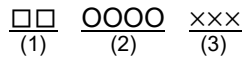
« Packaging Code : K (φ 330mm reel) »



### 12.6 Marking for reel

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(\*1), RoHS marking(\*2), Quantity, etc

\*1) « Expression of Inspection No. »

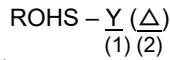


- (1) Factory Code
- (2) Date

First digit : Year / Last digit of year  
 Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O,N,D  
 Third, Fourth digit : Day

- (3) Serial No.

\*2) « Expression of RoHS marking »

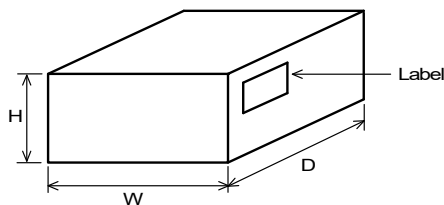


- (1) RoHS regulation conformity parts.
- (2) MURATA classification number

### 12.7 Marking for Outside package

Customer name Purchasing Order Number, Customer Part Number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking (\*2), Quantity, etc

### 12.8 Specification of Outer Case



Reel	Outer Case Dimensions (mm)			Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case (Reel)
	W	D	H	
φ 180mm	186	186	93	4
φ 330mm	340	340	85	4

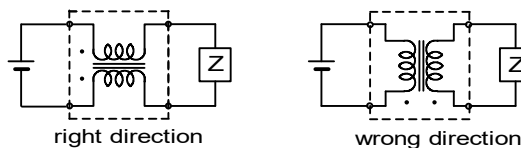
\* Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

## 13. ⚠ Caution

### 13.1. Mounting Direction

Mount products in right direction.

Wrong direction which is 90 ° rotated from right direction cause not open or short circuit but also flames or other serious trouble.



**13.2. Limitation of Applications**

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1)Aircraft equipment (2)Aerospace equipment (3)Undersea equipment (4)Power plant control equipment
- (5)Medical equipment (6)Transportation equipment(automobiles, rains, ships, etc.) (7)Traffic signal equipment
- (8)Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment (9)Data-processing equipment
- (10)Applications of similar complexity or with reliability requirements comparable to the applications listed in the above

**14. Notice**

Products can only be soldered with reflow.

This product is designed for solder mounting.

Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

**14.1. Flux and Solder**

Flux	Use rosin-based flux,(with converting chlorine content 0.06 to 0.1(wt)% ), but not highly acidic flux (with Halogen content exceeding 0.2(wt)% conversion to chlorine). Do not use water-soluble flux.
Solder	Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder

**14.2. Assembling**

< Exclusive use of Reflow soldering >

Flow soldering may cause deterioration in insulation resistance.

So, reflow soldering shall be applied for this product.

< Thermal Shock >

Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and ceramic surface is limited to 100°C max. Also cooling into solvent after soldering should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.

Not enough preheating may cause deterioration in insulation resistance and / or crack or ceramic body.

**14.3. Cleaning Conditions**

Do not clean after soldering. If cleaning, please contact us.

**14.4. Resin coating**

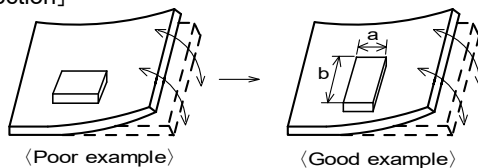
The impedance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit. So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

**14.5. Attention regarding P.C.B. bending**

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



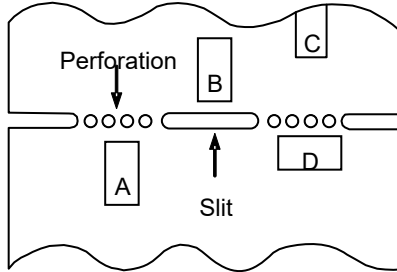
Products shall be location the sideways direction (Length:a<b) to the mechanical stress.

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D *1$
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$

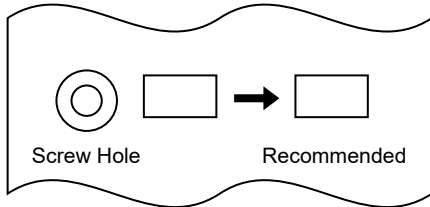


\*1  $A > D$  is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation.

If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore  $A > D$  is invalid.

(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

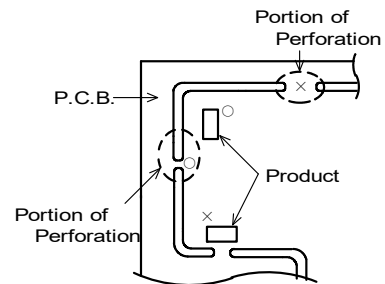
When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



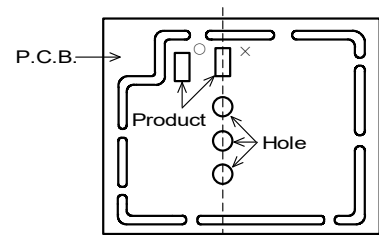
**14.6. Attention Regarding P.C.B. Design**

< The Arrangement of Products >

- P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are far from the portion of perforation.
- The portion of perforation shall be designed as narrow as possible, and shall be designed so as not to be applied the stress in the case of P.C.B. separation.

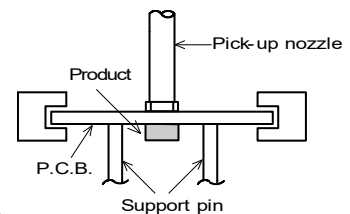


- Products shall not be arranged on the line of a series of holes when there are big holes in P.C.B. (Because the stress concentrate on the line of holes.)



< Products Placing >

- Support pins shall be set under P.C.B. to prevent causing a warp to P.C.B. during placing the products on the other side of P.C.B..

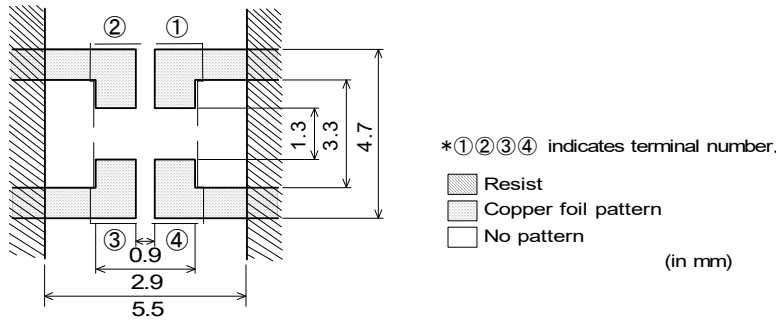


< P.C.B. Separation >

- P.C.B. shall not be separated with hand. P.C.B. shall be separated with the fixture so as not to cause P.C.B. bending.



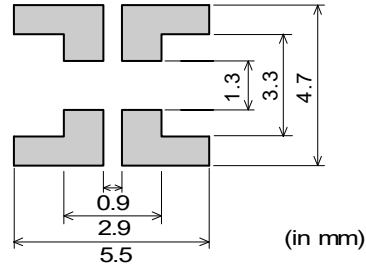
### 14.7. Standard Land Dimensions



### 14.8. Reflow Soldering

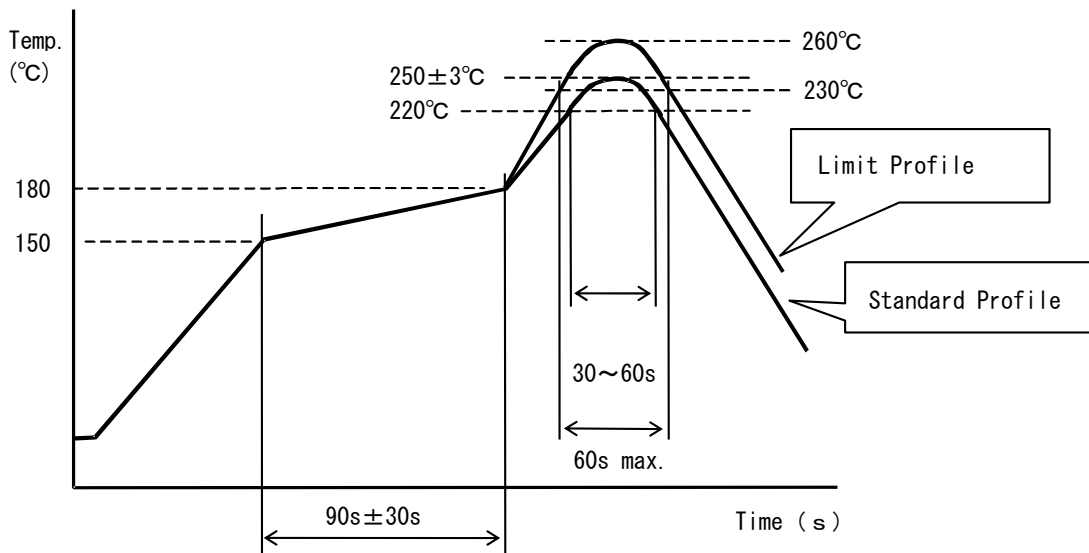
(1) Standard printing pattern of solder paste

- Standard thickness of solder paste should be 150 to 200 $\mu$ m.
- Solderability is subject to reflow condition and thermal conductivity.
- Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- Use the solder paste printing pattern of the right pattern.
- For the resist and copper foil pattern, use standard land dimensions.
- Use the Solder Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu for pattern printing.



(2) Soldering Conditions

Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.  
 The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C、90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、30s~60s	above 230°C、60s max.
Peak temperature	250±3°C	260°C, 10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	

## 14.9. Reworking with Soldering iron

The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron after being mounted by reflow soldering.

- Pre-heating: 150°C, 1 min
- Soldering iron output: 30W max.
- Tip temperature: 350°C max.
- Tip diameter:  $\phi 3\text{mm}$  max.
- Soldering time : 3(+1,-0) seconds.
- Times : 2times max.

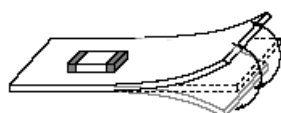
Notes: Do not touch the products directly with the soldering iron.

## 14.10 Handling of a substrate

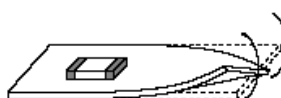
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting



## 14.11 Brushing of neighborhood of products

When you clean the neighborhood of products such as connector pins, bristles of cleaning brush shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.

## 14.12. Operating Environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions, on deterioration of the performance, such as insulation resistance may result from the use.

- (1) in corrosive gases (acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc.)
- (2) in the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.

## 14.13. Storage condition

### (1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

### (2) Storage environment conditions

· Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10 °C to +40 °C

Humidity : 15 % to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity.

· Products should not be stored in corrosive gases, such as sulfurous, acid gases, alkaline gases, to prevent the following deterioration.

Poor solderability due to the oxidized electrode.

· Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.

· Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.

· Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e. exposed directly to air).

### (3) Delivery

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 15. Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.