# LDB, Unencapsulated Stacked Chip, Size 1206 - 1812, 16 VDC and 50 VDC



#### **Overview**

Polyphenylene sulphide (PPS) film capacitor for surface mounting.

## **Applications**

Typical applications include timing, filtering, and use as a memory capacitor. The LDB Series is designed for high stability, accuracy, and temperature.

#### **Benefits**

• Rated voltage: 16 - 50 VDC

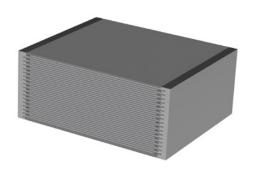
• Capacitance range: 0.0033 - 0.1µF

• EIA Size 1206 - 1812

Capacitance tolerance: ±2%, ±5%
Climatic category: 55/125/56

· RoHS compliance and lead-free terminations

• Operating temperature range of -55°C to +125°C

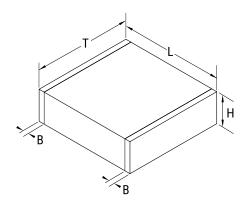


## **Part Number System**

LDB	Α	Α	2120	G	С	5	N	0
Series	Rated Voltage (VDC)	Size Code	Capacitance Code (pF)	Capacitance Tolerance	Dielectric	Version	Packaging	Internal Use
Metallized PPS	A = 16 C = 50	See Dimension Table	Digits two – four indicate the first three digits of the capacitance value. First digit indicates the number of zeros to be added.	G = ±2% J = ±5%	C = PPS	5 = Standard	See Ordering Options Table	0 (Standard)

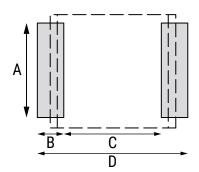


#### **Dimensions - Millimeters**



Size Code	Chip Size	Т		Н		_	В		
Size Code	(EIA)	Nominal	Tolerance	(Maximum)	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	
А	1206	1.7	±0.2		3.3	+0.3/-0.1	0.5	+0.5/-0.3	
В	1210	2.5	±0.3	See Part Number Table	3.3	+0.3/-0.1	0.5	+0.5/-0.3	
С	1812	3.3	±0.3		4.7	+0.3/-0.2	0.5	+0.5/-0.3	

# **Landing Areas and Solder Paste Suggestions**



Size	Dimensions in mm					Size	Dimensions in mm				
0120	Α	В	С	D		OIZC .	Α	В	С	D	
1206	1.5	1.1	2.3	4.5		2824	5.7	2.3	5.3	9.9	
1210	2.3	1.1	2.3	4.5		4030	7.4	2.6	8.2	13.4	
1812	3.0	1.7	3.1	6.5		5040	9.6	2.6	10.7	15.9	
2220	4.6	2.1	3.9	8.1		6054	12.6	2.6	13.2	18.4	

These landing area dimensions have the aim of taking full advantage of the new RoHS 6 terminations design.

We suggest to use a Sn/Ag/Cu solder paste (suggested thickness: 0.10 - 0.15 mm).

If a NOT Lead Free solder paste is used, a minimum peak temperature of 210°C on the component's body is suggested.



# **Ordering Options Table**

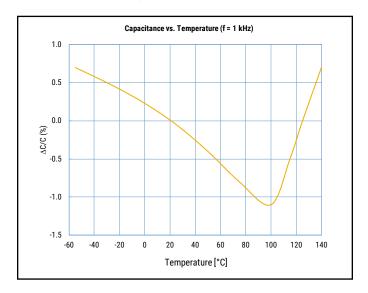
Packaging Type	Packaging Code
Standard Packaging Options	
Tape & Reel (Standard Reel)	N

#### **Performance Characteristics**

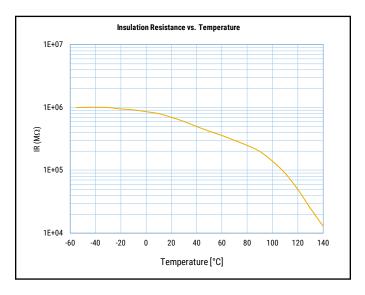
Rated Voltage (VDC)	16	50					
Capacitance Range (μF)	0.012 - 0.1	0.0033 - 0.1					
Chip Size (EIA)	1206 - 1812						
Capacitance Values	E12 series						
Capacitance Tolerance	±2%, ±5%						
Category Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C						
Rated Temperature	+105°C						
Voltage Derating	$V_c$ (category voltage) = $V_R$ (rated vo with 1.25%/°C from +105°C to +125	Itage) up to 105°C. V <sub>c</sub> is decreased °C					
Climatic Category	55/125/56						
Capacitance Drift	Maximum 1% after a 2 year storage period at a temperature of +10°C to +40°C and a relative humidity of 40% to 60%						
	Failure rate $\leq 1$ FIT, T = +40°C, V = 0.5 x V <sub>R</sub>						
Reliability (Reference MIL-HDBK-217)	1 FIT = 10 <sup>-9</sup> failures / (components * hours)						
(Neterelloe MIL 1155K 217)	Failure criteria: open or short circuit, cap. change > 10%, DF 2 times the catalog limits, IR < 0.005 x initial limit						
	Measured at +25°C ±5°C						
	Between Terminals						
Insulation Resistance	3,000 ΜΩ						
	Charging time: 1 minute Charging voltage: 10 VDC for $V_R = 16$ VDC 50 VDC for $V_R = 50$ VDC						
Dissipation Factor	Maximum Valu	es at 25°C ±5°C					
Dissipation Factor	1 kHz 0.6%						
Surge Voltage Test	1.75 x V <sub>R</sub> (5 seconds; T = 25 ± 5°C)						



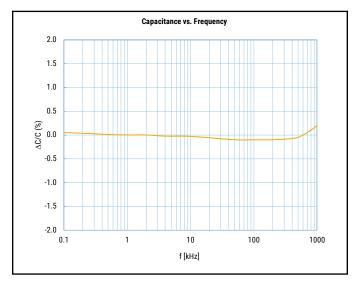
## **PPS Dielectric Typical Temperature Graphs**

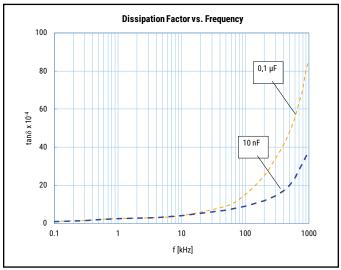


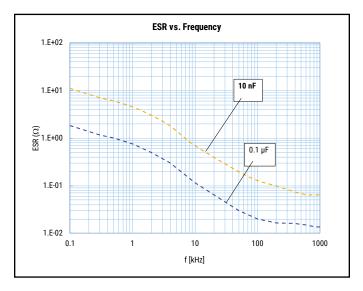
# Dissipation Factor vs. Temperature (f = 1kHz) 50.0 40.0 40.0 10.0 -60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 Temperature [°C]



# **PPS Dielectric Typical Frequency Graphs**

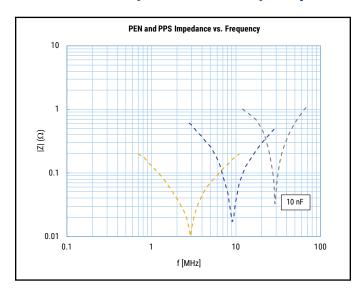








# **PEN and PPS Impedance vs. Frequency**



# **Environmental Compliance**

All KEMET surface mount capacitors are RoHS Compliant.





## **Environmental Test Data**

Namn Heat	Steady State						
Test Conditions							
Temperature	+40°C ±2°C						
Relative Humidity (RH)	93% ±2%						
Test Duration	56 days						
Perfor	mance						
Capacitance Change  ∆ C/C	≤ 5%						
DF Change (Δtgδ)	≤ 30 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> at 1 kHz						
Insulation Resistance	≥ 50% of limit value						
Endurance							
Test Co	nditions						
Temperature	125°C ±2°C						
Test Duration	2,000 hours						
Voltage Applied	1.25 x V <sub>c</sub>						
Perfor	mance						
Capacitance Change  Δ C/C	≤ 3%						
DF Change (Δtgδ)	≤ 30 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> at 1 kHz						
Insulation Resistance	≥ 50% of limit value						
Rapid Change	of Temperature						
Test Co	nditions						
Temperature	1 hour at -55°C, 1 hour at +125°C						
Number of Cycles	1,000						
Perfor	mance						
Capacitance Change  Δ C/C	≤ 3%						
DF Change (Δtgδ)	≤ 50 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> at 1 kHz						
Insulation Resistance	≥ limit value						
No Mechanical Damage							

Reflow								
Test Conditions	See Solder Process							
Perfor	mance							
Capacitance Change  ∆ C/C	≤ 3%							
DF Change (Δtgδ)	≤ 50 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> at 1 kHz							
Insulation Resistance	≥ limit value							
No Mechani	ical Damage							
Ben	ding							
Test Co	nditions							
Deflection	1 – 6 mm							
Perfor	mance							
Capacitance Change  ∆ C/C  ≤ 1%								
	on the terminations the body (cracking)							



# **Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference**

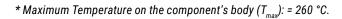
VDC	VDC Capacitance Size		Dim	ensions in	mm	Ohin Cina	New KEMET	Legacy Part
VDC	Value (µF)	Size Code	W	H (max)	L	Chip Size	Part Number	Number
16	0.012	А	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2120(1)C5N0	LDBAA2120(1)C5N0
16	0.015	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2150(1)C5N0	LDBAA2150(1)C5N0
16	0.018	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2180(1)C5N0	LDBAA2180(1)C5N0
16	0.022	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2220(1)C5N0	LDBAA2220(1)C5N0
16	0.027	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2270(1)C5N0	LDBAA2270(1)C5N0
16	0.033	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBAA2330(1)C5N0	LDBAA2330(1)C5N0
16	0.039	Α	1.7	1.2	3.3	1206	DBAA2390(1)C5N0	LDBAA2390(1)C5N0
16	0.047	Α	1.7	1.3	3.3	1206	DBAA2470(1)C5N0	LDBAA2470(1)C5N0
16	0.056	В	2.5	1.7	3.3	1210	DBAB2560(1)C5N0	LDBAB2560(1)C5N0
16	0.068	В	2.5	1.7	3.3	1210	DBAB2680(1)C5N0	LDBAB2680(1)C5N0
16	0.082	В	2.5	1.7	3.3	1210	DBAB2820(1)C5N0	LDBAB2820(1)C5N0
16	0.10	В	2.5	2.0	3.3	1210	DBAB3100(1)C5N0	LDBAB3100(1)C5N0
50	0.0033	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1330(1)C5N0	LDBCA1330(1)C5N0
50	0.0039	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1390(1)C5N0	LDBCA1390(1)C5N0
50	0.0047	A	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1470(1)C5N0	LDBCA1470(1)C5N0
50	0.0056	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1560(1)C5N0	LDBCA1560(1)C5N0
50	0.0068	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1680(1)C5N0	LDBCA1680(1)C5N0
50	0.0082	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA1820(1)C5N0	LDBCA1820(1)C5N0
50	0.010	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA2100(1)C5N0	LDBCA2100(1)C5N0
50	0.012	Α	1.7	1.1	3.3	1206	DBCA2120(1)C5N0	LDBCA2120(1)C5N0
50	0.015	В	2.5	1.4	3.3	1210	DBCB2150(1)C5N0	LDBCB2150(1)C5N0
50	0.018	В	2.5	1.5	3.3	1210	DBCB2180(1)C5N0	LDBCB2180(1)C5N0
50	0.022	В	2.5	1.5	3.3	1210	DBCB2220(1)C5N0	LDBCB2220(1)C5N0
50	0.027	В	2.5	1.5	3.3	1210	DBCB2270(1)C5N0	LDBCB2270(1)C5N0
50	0.033	В	2.5	1.7	3.3	1210	DBCB2330(1)C5N0	LDBCB2330(1)C5N0
50	0.039	В	2.5	1.9	3.3	1210	DBCB2390(1)C5N0	LDBCB2390(1)C5N0
50	0.047	В	2.5	2.3	3.3	1210	DBCB2470(1)C5N0	LDBCB2470(1)C5N0
50	0.056	С	3.3	1.7	4.7	1812	DBCC2560(1)C5N0	LDBCC2560(1)C5N0
50	0.068	C	3.3	1.7	4.7	1812	DBCC2680(1)C5N0	LDBCC2680(1)C5N0
50	0.082	С	3.3	1.7	4.7	1812	DBCC2820(1)C5N0	LDBCC2820(1)C5N0
50	0.10	С	3.3	2.0	4.7	1812	DBCC3100(1)C5N0	LDBCC3100(1)C5N0
VDC	Capacitance Value (µF)	Size Code	W (mm)	H (mm)	L (mm)	Chip Size	New KEMET Part Number	Legacy Part Number

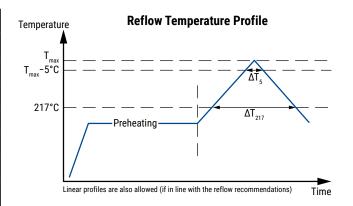
<sup>(1)</sup>  $G = \pm 2\%$ ,  $J = \pm 5\%$ .



# **Soldering Process**

Reflow Recommendations								
Preheating								
Maximum Preheating Time	180 seconds							
Minimum Temperature	150°C							
Maximum Temperature	200°C							
Solder Flow								
Maximum Time within T <sub>max</sub> and	30 seconds (T <sub>max</sub> ≤ 250°C)							
$T_{\text{max}} - 5^{\circ}\text{C} (\Delta T_{5})$	10 seconds (250 °C < T <sub>max</sub> ≤ 260°C)							
Maximum Time Over 217°C (ΔΤ <sub>217</sub> )	150 seconds							
Maximum Temperature Ramp	3°C/seconds (heating)							
Rate	6°C/seconds (cooling)							
Second reflow								
If two reflow processes are needed, be sure that before the second reflow, the temperature on the capacitor's surface is lower than 50°C.								







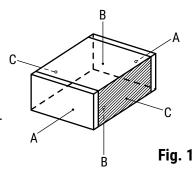
## Flux/Cleaning/Storage and Moisture

#### Flux suggestions

KEMET suggests to use a no-clean flux with a halogen content lower than 0.1%.

#### **Cleaning suggestions**

To clean the PCB assembly, KEMET recommends using a suitable solvent like Isopropyl alcohol, deionized water, or neutral pH detergents. Aggressive solvents shall not be used. For any different cleaning solvent used, please contact KEMET Technical Services to analyze the potential impact on KEMET products.



#### Storage and moisture recommendations

KEMET SMD Film Capacitors are supplied in a MBB (Moisture Barrier Bag) Class 1. We can guarantee a 24 month shelf life (temperature  $\le 40^{\circ}$ C/relative humidity  $\le 90\%$ ). After the MBB has been opened, components may stay in areas with controlled temperature and humidity (temperature  $\le 30^{\circ}$ C/relative humidity  $\le 60\%$ ) for 168 hours [MSL 3]. For longer periods of time and/or higher temperature and/or higher relative humidity values, it is absolutely necessary to protect the components against humidity. If the reel inside the MBB is partially used, KEMET recommends to re-use the same MBB or to avoid areas without controlled temperature and humidity (see above). If the above conditions are not respected, components require a baking (minimum time: 48 hours at 55  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C) before the reflow.

#### Manual assembly recommendations

If PCBs are assembled manually, care must be taken to avoid any mechanical damage to the components.

Our recommendations are the following (see Fig. 1):

- 1) When using tweezers, the components should be gripped across the two terminations (A)
- 2) Avoid any contact with the two cutting surfaces (C)
- 3) A vacuum pen is recommended on the top and bottom surfaces (B)

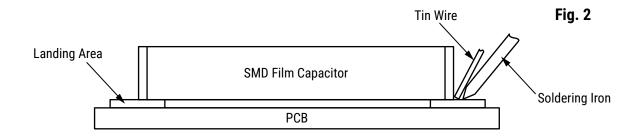


## Flux/Cleaning/Storage and Moisture cont.

#### Manual soldering recommendations

LDE and LDB series have been designed for Surface Mount Technology, pick-and- place machines, and reflow soldering systems. Issues may occur using a manual soldering iron because the typical temperature for manual soldering is appoximately 350°C. Therefore please pay careful attention:

- Never touch the capacitor body with the sodering iron but rather touch the soldering iron and the end termination with the tin wire edge (see Figure 2)
- If the soldering iron is equipped with a temperature controlling device, set the temperature to 250 ±3°C and proceed as per Figure 2 (the maximum soldering time, on both terminations, is 5 seconds)
- A soldering iron that is NOT equipped with a temperature controlling device is not an ideal situation and operator experience is extremely important in this case. If you have a soldering iron that does not have a temperature controlling device, please use the following practical suggestions:
  - 1) Proceed as per Figure 2
  - 2) As soon as the tin wire starts melting, move the soldering iron away as quickly as possible
  - 3) Wait a few seconds and check that the soldering joint has been properly created
- If the soldering iron is equipped with a hot air flow device, set the hot air temperature to 250 ±3°C and do not send the hot air directly onto the capacitor plastic body. In this situation, the operator's experience is very important.
- In any case, avoid mass-mounting SMD Film Capacitors manually.



## **Packaging Quantities**

Chip Size (EIA)	Height (mm)	Reel	Chip Size (EIA)	Height (mm)	Reel
1206	1.1	3,000	1210	1.9	2,250
1206	1.2	3,000	1210	2.0	2,250
1206	1.3	3,000	1210	2.3	2,250
1210	1.4	2,250	1812	1.7	4,000
1210	1.5	2,250	1812	2.0	3,000
1210	1.7	2,250			



## **Production Process Basic Suggestions**

In case of:	Typical cause	Typical solution			
	Landing area dimensions	See landing areas suggestions, page 9			
	Solder paste quality	See solder paste suggestions, page 9			
No solder joint on one	Not-uniform solder paste thickness on the landing areas	Set the dispensing solder paste machine properly			
end termination	Wrong position of the capacitor on the landing areas	Set the pick and place machine properly			
	Thermal profile temperature	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
	Bad temperature distribution in the reflow oven	Check the reflow oven temperature distribution and variations"			
	Landing area dimensions	See landing areas suggestions, page 9			
	Solder paste quality	See solder paste suggestions, page 9			
No solder joint on both	No solder paste on the landing areas	Set the dispensing solder paste machine properly			
end termination	Thermal profile temperature	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
	Bad temperature distribution in the reflow oven	Check the reflow oven temperature distribution and variations			
	Oxidated end terminations	See moisture recommendations, page 8			
	Too long time over 217°C	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
Capacitor's body	Too long time within $\rm T_{max}$ and $\rm T_{max}\text{-}5^{\circ}C$	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
mechanical deformation	Too high temperature ramp rate	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
	Capacitor damaged by a soldering iron	See manual soldering recommendations, page 8			
	Too long time over 217°C	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
Onnocitorio della (un to 2004)	Too long time within T <sub>max</sub> and T <sub>max</sub> -5°C	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
Capacitance drop (up to 20%)	Too high temperature ramp rate	See reflow recommendations, page 7			
	Capacitor damaged by a soldering iron	See manual soldering recommendations, page 8			
Capacitance drop (over 20%)	Capacitor damaged by a soldering iron	See manual soldering recommendations, page 8			

Note: Small fissures on the capacitor's cutting surface are actually slight detachments of two adjacent metallized film layers and have to be considered only as an aesthetic issue related to the SMD Film Capacitors' manufacturing process and technology.

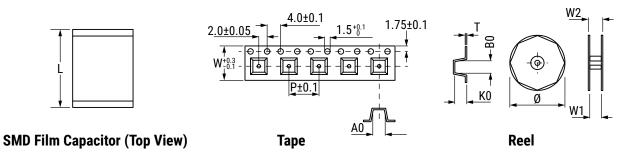
Therefore, small fissures on SMD Film Capacitors are not comparable to cracks on SMD Ceramics.

Fissures do not influence SMD Film Capacitors' reliability in any way.



## **Carrier Taping & Packaging (IEC 60286-3)**

# **Horizontal Taping Orientation**



Chip Size (EIA)	Dimensions in mm			Taping Specification								
Horizontal Mounting	W	Н	Г	W	P <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>	K <sub>o</sub>	D	<b>W</b> <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>	
Woulding	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal	-0.1/+0.3	±0.1	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal	±2.0	-0/+2	Maximum	
1206	1.7	All	3.3	8.0	4.0	2.0	3.8	1.3	180	8.0	12.0	
1210	2.5	All	3.3	8.0	4.0	3.0	3.8	2.1	180	8.0	12.0	
1812	3.3	≤ 1.9	4.7	12.0	8.0	3.8	5.3	2.0	330	12.0	16.0	
1812	3.3	2.1 - 2.6	4.7	12.0	8.0	3.9	5.2	2.6	330	12.0	16.0	

In accordance with IEC 60286-3

#### Materials:

- carrier tape: antistatic material
- cover tape: polyester + polythene
- reel: recyclable polystyrene

All parts in reels are packed in hermetically sealed Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB) Class 1.



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Although KEMET designs and manufactures its products to the most stringent quality and safety standards, given the current state of the art, isolated component failures may still occur. Accordingly, customer applications which require a high degree of reliability or safety should employ suitable designs or other safeguards (such as installation of protective circuitry or redundancies) in order to ensure that the failure of an electrical component does not result in a risk of personal injury or property damage.

Although all product-related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicted or that other measures may not be required.